nother that unbelief and highe critician: premillennialism AI remember there was one verse which a student % at Princeton said to me once; he said, "This is the prmary verse for premillennialism." I had barely kard heead that particular verse and had never thought of it as an axes argument for anyhing. But he said, "This is the primary/verse for premillennialism." At that time I had barely heard that particular verse and had never thought of it as an argument for anything. But he said, "This is the primary supporting verse for premillennialism, and plain exegesis shows a that that is not what it means atom of And he became an amillennialism for one day and then became a postmillennialist. Years later I wrote a whole at article on that verse. I believe that the only reasonable iterpetation of that verse, James' remarks at the council in Acts 15 fits exactly with premillennialism, but I have never seen anywhere wise a statement of just how the this is. At that time I had never heard the verse given as an argument for premillennialism, and I was shocked when this fellow said that it was the primary evidence for it. And he said, "Just plain exegesis shows that isn't what it means at all." The fellow became an amillennialist for one day and then became a postmillennialist.

Well, when that particular verse I was told that in a course in OT* Interpretation in later years, out of half or three-fourths of the semester would be given by Dr. Allis to discussing that verse, as an argument against premillennialism, While o tiom! jos as exegesis was definitely wrong, worse than that was the waste of time, in my opinion, of all that time which should have been spent in teaching sound sensible methods of interpretating Scripture. But, when he would say soumething agains the higher crit about the higher criticism, students would nod; they knew it was all a lot of nonsense anyway, but when he 2w would say speak about premillennislism they were interested and to this stimulated him. And that was very unfortunate.

Dr. Armstrong Epilek spoke in such alow tone that in a class of 60, maybe the eight nearest to km him could understand what he was saying. The rest of the class-I don't know whether these eight paid much attention; I know that many in the class were studying for other courses or writing letters or doing other things rather than paying much attention to him. He had a lot of very valau valuable material, if only he he had given it in a way that was easy to get. When I began the third year I went to the person who assigns seats and said I had difficulty understanding Dr. Armstaong and Dr. Vos (?) and requested that I be given a seat on the front row. He did that and then when the seating was posted Dr. Stonehouse noticed it; he was not then a doctor, and he went and asked to be put in the front row in all classes -- which was done. In Dr. ARmstrong's KHE course -- when he would tell a joke he would look at the two of us because he knew we were listening. Dr. Machen said that everything he knew he got from Dr. Armstrong. I believe this was a great hyperbole, but I would trust Dr. Machen's judgment that Dr. Armstrong had a great deal of valuable extremely valuable material and also the statement that he was excellent at wording it. Unfortunagely