

It tells about his war with the Edomites in which he lost control over the Edomites. Then it tells how Elijah wrote a letter which came to Jehoram, a writing rebuking Jehoram and declaring that Jehoram would die of a noisome disease as he did. These are interesting details. They are details which are worthy of study, from which we have spiritual lessons, and learn something more about the prophet of his activities in Judah as well as in Israel, but there is not much in it that needs discussion in class because it is ~~rather~~ fairly clear simply from reading in the light of our other discussions. I don't think we will need to take further time on it in this class but we will go on then to III.

III. is the history from about 800 B. C. to the downfall of Judah. This section is a section which covers the history, a period of over 200 years. It is a little longer than the period we have been looking at.-- than all the periods of the history thus far. We'll not take as much time because ~~xxxxxx~~ there are certain long periods of it concerning which there is not a great deal told.

Under A we will deal with Israel and Judah to about 735, a period of around 70 years. During this 70 years we will not go into much detail in this class. There is a good bit given in the Scripture but not a lot.

Number 1, the northern kingdom. Under that a, the dynasty of Jehu. This is the dynasty that had ~~xxxxxx~~ more kings than any other dynasty in the whole history of the northern kingdom. It is not as strong a dynasty as the one which preceded. It is a dynasty which lasted somewhat longer. One of the dates which is considered to be a definite date in this period is the beginning of the dynasty of Jehu, 842. From archeological evidence there is no exact evidence of this date but there is evidence of related dates which are sufficient to lead scholars pretty well to take this as a definite point, 842. Then we have to skip the kings ^{in the stage} before and ~~af~~ after into the stage after. 842 is taken by scholars as a definite date for the beginning of the reign of Jehu. This then if it is a definite for the reign of Jehu it also can refer to a date for the beginning of the control of Athaliah in the kingdom of Judah. You remember that Jehu killed the kings both of