room there he translated the New Testament from the original Greek into the finest of German. His translation was breadcastcarried throughout the land. It became one of the greatest factors in the formation of the literary language of Germany and exerted a spiritual influence over the life of the country which can be paralleled only by the history of the King James Version of the Bible in English. Today the Wartburg still stands, one of the effectmost interesting sights of modern Germany. One can visit the little room and see the table on which the translation was made. One can look down from the ancient castle upon the quaint old town of Eisenack. There in the town one finds a mighty statue of the great person that who exerted such a profound influence upon all subsequent generations. On the base of this statue one seed in large letters the words- "Das Wort Gottes bleibt in Ewigkeit"-- "The Word of God remains forever".

After I visiting Eisenach, I took the train southwest, in the direction of Worms, the city where Luther sook has stand before the Emperor, and from which he was coming when he was seized and carried After a two-hour ride, I stopped for a prisoner to the Wartburg. the night at Fulda in Hesse. Fulda is the scene of a grewell-known school for Gliders, which has been visited by many Americans in recent years. | Fulda is today a centre of Catholic training-schools visited by students from all over the world. The city was founded seven hundred years before the time of Luther, by Boniface, the English missionary, who went among the savage tribes: of heathen tribes of the region and substaught them to give up their ancient superstitions and to Accept/thebecome Christians. An intrepid character he was, one who feared nothing, and exerted a wide-spread influence over the entire region. Today a statue stands to his honor in the central square of Fulda. In his right hand he holds aloft a cross,