J uses the word, the name Jehovah, while the documents P and E both use the name Elohim. As we see that they have two names as a basis for dividing the into three documents. Smith points out that in Genesis 1:1 to 2:4 Elohim is usedly consistently for God and Jehovah never, but that from 2:4b to 3:24, the name Jehovah God is used 20 times, and Elohim only about 4 times. It is indeed interesting that in the first few chapters of Genesis we find this marked different, and yet there is a natural reason for the difference. The word elohim for God is the word that represents God as the great powerful God -- Being , the Creator. That is 1:I to 2:4a is discussing/creation. It is natural to use the term that speaks of him as the Creator. Man is only barely mentioned in this passage in the brief account of creation toward the end of chapter; 1. From chapter 2:4 on through the end of the chapter 3, he is talking about God's relationship with man. Here the personal name of God is used, showing God as the one who is blessing and caring for man. Thus, there is a natural reason for a change of names here. It is indeed, as he says, strange to change \_\_\_\_\_ to New England...#-you would that it was think of/two different authors or different veiw viewpoints. Well, it would be a view different viewpoint. If we had a discussion of the history of Manhattan, we might tell about it prior to 1660 what- when the English contradicted from----- from the Dutch, and we might always refer to it as a new Amsterdam which is the name that the Duch gave to us. However, after it was captured by the English, they came- change the name in honor of the Duke of Yorkek, later King James II and made it New York. In writing... after that time we call it New York... in writing an extensive history before that time... If we would natrually call it New York. In writing an extensive history of before that time, we would natraully call it New Amsterdam. It is a .. there would be different viewpoints. It would certainly not be any reason to say that there was a different author. If we went on in our history of New York, and found that there would be a number of pages with New Amsterdam and then a number of pages with New York. We might think that there were something strange about it, but actually as you continue after this in Genesis, Exodus, we find that there are very ve- few long passages which stick to one name or to the other. If the stress is on God,