Lecture 9 (cont'd) Nov. 5, 1984

- 7 Is 29:22 Abraham and Jacob
- 8 29:23 'they' better 'he'
- Prophecy does not give us a detailed picture of the future
- 9 30,31 30:17 Israel scattered among the nations yet not annihilated
 - 8:19-22
- 10 Is 9:5ff

Lecture 10 Nov. 12, 1979

- 1 Is 9:5 time of universal peace
 - Condictions in the U:S:A in former years and now
- 2 Did reign of peace begin with birth of Christ
- 3 Theanthropic nature of Christ
- In this age we're called, not compled, to obey Mim Not say for us to put the govt on Mis shoulders
 - The difference between this interp, and double fulfillment
- 6 Is. 9:6 and the Jewish version
 - Everlasting Father Son given
 - 7 John 14:6

Lecture 11 Nov. 19, 1979

- 1 Is 9:5-6 The Name Me is called
- Jewish version's translation
- 4 Relation to the trinity
 - Christ's relation to the believer
- monogenes derived from either of two different roots
- 5 theory of eternal generation of the Son
- 6 Is 9:7 zeal/jealousy.
- important breat at end of v. 7
- 8 the throne of David includes both physical and spiritual reign
- 9 9:8
- 10 9:10 said with pride, it deserves condemnation
 - 9:12- "for" is actually "in" all this but more clearly expressed by "for"
 - 9:14 a nation's head and tail == top and bottom
- 11 Leaders will suffer as well as the people
- Figurative and literal speech
- 12 Difference between figurative and allegorical
 - "Meaning of "in one day": A period of activity
 - 9:15 sarcasm, satire

Lecture 12 Nov. 26, 2984 1979

- Is. 9 four stanzas that begin with rebuke. Stanzas 3 and \$
 Is 10 similar to Habakkuk only this deals with the Assyrians from whom
 - God promised deliverance.
- 2 10:5-15
- 3 10:17-28 Minor break at v. 28
- 4 10:28-32 Vivid picture of invasion of Assyrian from the north but did not. Chaldeans came that way a century later. The people's fear.
- 5 Similar destruction by Ostrogoths in Italy in 5th century A.D.
- 6 10:33,34 Desturction of Ninevah foretold