## INTORDUCTION TO THE PENTATEUCH \*\*\*\* EXCURSUS A\*\*\*\* Page 2

- c. The Pentateuch and the N.T. Epistles:
  - (1) regarded as basic part of God's revelation of redemption:
    Rom. 3:20, Gal. 3:10, 3:24
  - (2) affirmed as authoritative and instructive: 1 Cor. 9:9, Rom. 10:5, Heb 9:19
  - (3) problems of antithesis:
    - (a) context must be fully considered before meaning of terms is determined
    - (b) authorial end and problem must also be considered in detail before a valid conclusion is reached.
    - (c) these hermoneutical principles must be considered:
      - /1/ complete salf-agreement of Scripture /2/ agreement of passages which deal with the same matter to the same extent
      - /3/ inability of human reason to harmonize Scriptures is not a valid basis for changing a clear-cut menating meaning.
      - /4/ no position is fully expounded until all relevent feets of Scripture are brought to bear on it.
  - (4) specific concepts:
    - (a) The Book of the Law (Gal. 3:10)
    - (b) The Book of Moses (Mk. 12:26)
    - (c) The Law of the Lord (lk 2:23-24)
    - (d) The Law of Moses (Lk. 2:23, Jn. 7:23)