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And they were very, very clever in this because if their adversaries had succeeded imand Henry IV had not been recognized, the war would have con-cut up France would have been more FXXXXXXX than it was, some areas of it probably would have broken away and joined with Spain on account of the intense Anit-Protestantism in them, but nevertheless the chances are that two things thirds of France would have continued as a Protestant nation if received him as King of But receiving him as King of France, it seemed like a setback to the Counter-Reformation. Actually it meant that France has a chance to become again a strong nation instead of being torn up as it was being by these gerrific wars and it meant that the Jesuits under the terms by which he became King had the chance to train his children and that meant that in the end, they had absolute control of a strong nation instead of having a weak nation which would be Protestant and they'd get a few remnants of it, they had a strong nation absolutely in their power and were able a hundred years later, as we have described, to utterly destroy Protestantism out of it. So that what had been one-third of the people of France by 1700 was not 5%. And of course during that next century they werebusy tring to get at the Protestant nobles - the Protestants had many important nobles who were leading Protestants and during that century they were given opportunities for advancement in the state but they'd get along much better if they And the Jesuits were forming the best schools and leading were Romanists. and many of the Protestant nobles would send their children to the Jesuit schools because they got so much gbetter education than they could any-They were working hard during that century and in the end where else. they completely won out in France. Now I'm going to go on and - I was a little uncertain next whether to take the Protetants in - whether to take the Counter-Reformation in Poland or in the Netherlands. I think I will

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