

but that they resisted this and no pope has or very few popes have been able to nominate their own successor and it became an established principle that the new pope is elected after the pope's death and the pope has nothing to say as to who is his successor in fact in recent centuries very often it is two conflicting forces and one side would have the pope and then the other would but it is perhaps that has contributed to the long continuance of the papacy that it has never been able to establish a dynasty so that one could continue his power after his death except in this one case. (question_)

No he was elected by the popes of Rome.

Take your name and write on a piece of paper and we will assume that everyone is present. Description of the second Roman emperor who persecuted the church and what he did. That is not for the new students they will have theirs two years from now. One or two told about the bishop connected with Augustine 180 years after Cyprian and that is as much as we are since the time of George Washington, and that is a little too much of a jump and Cyprian is one of our most important characters in early church history and that is one thing you need, and certainly none of these bishops lived 180 years later.

Next time I told you I would post the assignment. I will inform you of it now the assignment for next time next 3 chapters of Act, others is review of the various heresies we have examined up to Constantine and for wed. the heresies on to the time of pope Gregory. (question) N^o up to Constantine.

(end of record)

c202s

Now we were speaking, the Roman church in the first half of the sixth century and we noticed that in the first half of the sixth cent. that the Roman church as far as the individuals who occupy this concern was not at a high position, it had a very large claim of power and it had a good deal of power in Italy at this time the first part of the century the Ostrogoths were ruling and they gave a great deal of freedom and Theodoric had very enlightened rule but he was an Arian and he was in no way in sympathy with the pope but he allowed him to have free sway over the people who followed his belief, those who followed the Nicene view, ~~they/et/et/~~