

D. Authorship of the Acts.

1. External Evidence (cf. C-2 above).

Reference to Luke, Colossians 4:14; Philemon 24; II Timothy 4:11.

2. Internal Evidence.

"We-passages" - Acts 16:10-17; 20:5-15; 21:1-18; 27:1-28:16.

Sir John C. Hawkins: Horae Synopticae (1899), page 154

William Kirk Hobart: The Medical Language of St. Luke (1882).

Theophilus; called "most excellent" in Luke 1:3; cf. Acts 23:26; 24:3; 26:25.

E. Sources.

1. Oral.

a. Paul.

b. Philip - Acts 21:8-10; 6:5

c. John Mark; Colossians 4:10; Philemon 24; II Timothy 4:11;
I Peter 5:13; Acts 12:12.

2. Written.

3. Inspiration of the Holy Spirit, keeping the writer from error in use of sources.

F. Date of Writing.

1. Positive Evidence.

a. Material covered in the book.

b. Abrupt ending.

c. Attitude of Roman empire before A.D. 64.

Note view of Zahn regarding proton in Acts 1:1.

2. Other Views.

a. Second century.

b. A.D. 94-100.

Arthur S. Peake; A Critical Introduction to the New Testament (1909), pages 132-135; Acts 5:36,37 - Josephus' Antiquities, XX, v. 1 and XX, v, 2; Acts 12:19-23 - Jos. Ant., XIX, viii, 2.
Adolf Harnack; Luke the Physician (English translation), pages 24,25.

W. Sanday; Inspiration (Bampton Lectures for 1893), page 278.

c. About A.D. 80.

W. Sanday; Inspiration, Lecture VI.