Jo. 11 Contid

WE WILL HAVE TO GET ON to to 53, for it is tremendously important. Yes. No. because verse nine by nature is , is either a prayer of people to the Lord to do something or it is an assurance of the Lord given in a rhetorical way as if it (6.03) In veiw of the last part of what goes in verse nine to the next, Awake, awak, it seems to be a rhetorical statement 1/8/ really means, Awake, awak; 0 the arm of the Lord, art thou not it which hath done this and this, it means that people pray/real attention to what God has done in the past. Don't you think he is going to the similar tings now? Here you read and find that He is. Because he says. Therefore shall the redeemed of the Lord come, and I, even I will x ammax am he that assuring you comforteth. It's not here that they prevail on him, but he is sure/that a literary devide. The other he is going to do it. It's a rhetorical one. / Thaz first suggestion you anxiety makexxxxxixixxx make could be the base, but the (5.10) of the passage would be a little different. Thexagatextxxxxxxxxxx I think in this approach. the context shows that it's purely a rehetorical quescione The They should not die in the pit where (5.03)whould fail. Of course, this is a figurative language. The Israelites # not in the pit. It is a figure of speech. They were in Babylonian captivity. They were living freely there, buying and welling, building. Their unhappiness was mainly a matter of being away from their homeland. there wasn't It wasnItymuch actual suffering. Certainly they were not in prison, like being in a pit. This, even further, Joseph ______in Egypt that way. (4.60) But that's not the comdition of _____. Now, that's, you might refer to it, more literally than this, to the Israelites in Egypt where they were treatesting them as slaves. /The Babylonian we are not be treated that way/ now, of course. But/we have make we have then these three sections and it certainly clearly shows that the Archbishop was very wrong with the

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