righteous from the south and from the Bast. Now, therefore, what have I handx

Nr. 12 (Contid)

saith the Lord

here, sayaxxhaxxxxx, thax that (\$/7%) my people is taken away for naught? m howl, saith the Lord they that rule over them make the housexalx saithathexkonda :/His name wilkxgountenantly every day is blasphemed. Therefore my people shall know my hame: therefore they shall know in that day that I am he that doeth speak; behold, it is I." The stress on the promise of God , and the stress on the assurance that he is going to perform His praxmisex counsel. say that the third awak passage ends with verse six. A suggestion can be made to that section, but the thought continues through the next six verses.

The thought of blessing is another form of blessing added to

awak passages, or is it the continuation of the third. That would be interesting to consider the pros and cons between the two, and the possibility and the

Now, you might

structure, but there is no question that there is a continuation of the Godis goigg to deliver. Now how wonderful it is, how beautiful this thought.

on the mountains are the feet of him that bringeth good tidings.

that publisheth peace: that publisheth salvation; that saith unto Zion,

Thy Godreigneth! It is a mavellous promise, and deliverance, but as we had in the last two chapters, the deliverance is a gather general term, it includes

the return from #Me exile, but it may go beyond #Me, it, and it may suggest

even greater deliverance beyond. Thy watchmen shall lift up the voice; with the voice

together shall they sing: for they shall see eye to eye, when the Lord shall bring

again Zion. These marvellous blessings are going to come so that everyone can

It will be proclammed that God is actually doing this. There win t be

so mebody in an upper room, in a house over in Babylon, saying, " God is giving me

Were a marvellous spiritual blessings." That could happen, but this goes way

beyond. This is something that all #1/1 see.