

Now these two little boys then were of the emperors family. Consequently Constantius gave orders that they should be carefully raised and trained in the best way. These two boys were given a good education and it was made very clear to them that they were poor relations of the Emperor; not supposed to ever in any sense have a mind of their own as against the emperor. -----2 $\frac{1}{2}$ was put by his uncle in a position of importance in the empire and there the people became attached to him and began to call him emperor. That made Constantius indignant and afraid of him, and ~~afraid he would be~~ ^{so he was} seized by treachery and he was killed. This happened about 354. Julian the younger brother, you can imagine the effect upon him. Julian had been raised as a Christian. He was taught Christian doctrine. He was carefully instructed. He was ordained as a leader in the church. He took part in the religious services. He acted as a young man who was anxious to be advanced in the Christian church but all the time he was filled with hatred for his uncle Constantius. He was so full with hatred for his uncle that while he did all this to please his uncle, he secretly worshipped the pagan gods. The time came when he went and joined with a group of pagans and was initiated into the worship of the gods and adopted some of the mysteries of the pagan gods, and he studied the view of neo-platonism. That theory is one of the three great movements in the last part of the previous century that I hope you will all keep well in mind. Neo-platonism now found a supporter in the nephew of the emperor