poet, who was born about 1750 or a little earlier, and died 1830, Goethe wrote great many poems. A greater part of his life was spent on writing Faust. And Goethe's Faust, he works on it, he works on it, he works through his life. He works on different sections of it, and finally toward the end of his life, the peem-s--wh9le whole poem was issued as we have it today. And one of the scholars who made the study of poem of Goethe's Faust, and he said that it is most interesting to see how He said. we can apply the higher criticism to Goethe's Faust. See look at this poem, you see these phrases which show enthusiasm of youth, these are what Goethe when he was a young man wrote and then you see these other phrases which show disillusions of old age, and he said, it was written when he was an old man. That shows what part of it came from a young a pierod when he was a young man, and when he was an old man, and when he was a middle aged man, thus the whole history of the development of the elector- chronological ... of the poem. It is an interesting piece field-of study, a wonderful . . . today. a wonderful . investigation. But there is ene-definite-problem. only one trouble with it. If you have heard of theory, in this case there was only one fact. thru as a boy Somebody went ravaging / the house where Gbathe lived, and there they found of his in his writing written when he was a in his teens , The Prologue 7-the great poem and the Prologue they found was written just about-in-th exactly in the form in which the final manuscript was issued in print, and when w- he was a young man. And many other pparts he went over and over, and made some changes in different parts when he was an old man. But the Prologue which they thought must have been written when he was very old was proved to be absolutely with out foundation. of the higher critical method, this method we can take and apply to any document, and then divide it up into many

pieces in terms of different sources... is a method which by this time