have gone through k in the exile, and God is saying Look back of over the whole history of Israel, and the seven years of exile, it seems like a little tiny bit, and you people who have lived through it, it seems like a long time but think back into the x centuries, you were x x God's people and p-rotede protected by Him. Compare it with the whole history of your relation. God is just a little bit, and so for a small moment you, He said, I have forsaken you, and with great mercies I will gather you. My mercy is going to continue. Now, I think-that we are should tha -think that He is stricter k with the people of Israel, but He is thinking of course, of all those who believe as a result of Isa. 53, Israel looking forward to it a a sacrifice, other people looking back later, when they had times in their lives when it seemsed that God had forsaken them. If after k all, they will repent and turn from to Him, and put their sin under the blood of Christ, in His mercy will be so abundaint that and so overpowering that the changees...and you notice the perfects here. If In the 7th verse we had the imperfect, In a small moment I have forsaken you but with k gereat mercy I will ... Here is a specific act, going to happen after the exile. It is an impreserfect, it is one definite, future act, but now we get in a flood of wrath something that comes are suddenly like a flood, womet-something which is merited and required by their sins. I haid hid my face... I think that the next and is bestx translated but, but with arelation of loving kindxness, a relation that can up on and on and on, I have had mercy upon him. See the differencebeween the ... which is a pecific act, but he His mercy is declaring that actually theat personally/He has never left x them. He is not saying that this is socertain that I am puti- putting .. He says this has